

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES DIVISION
USER'S GUIDE



DIGITAL MAP INFORMATION

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The Information Technology Services Division (ITS) developed this publication for the general public in response to inquiries concerning the availability of digital map data. Any request for assistance with using the manual will be given every consideration.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

IDENTIFICATION

Developed For: Users of RRC Mapping Information
By: RRC of Texas, Information Technology
Services Division

OUTPUT MEDIA

The Digital Well Location Mapping information is available for output onto the following mediums:

- **CD-ROM (Compact Disk)**
- **FTP (File Transfer Protocol-Binary Transfer)**

ZIP

The Railroad Commission uses the zip file format on all GIS export files. Zip is commonly used to combine - or "archive" -- two or more files for storage or distribution.

RRC GIS data files can be unarchived using many file archiver software packages.

The Railroad Commission has successfully uncompressed and unarchived GIS export files using 7-Zip 15.12 on Windows 7. It is assumed more recent versions of 7-Zip will retain their previous extract capabilities.

Once the original RRC GIS digital data file is unarchived, the user will have all requested data layers in the appropriate format for a particular county.

DISK SIZE REQUIREMENTS

The amount of compression obtained depends on the size of the input and the distribution of common substrings. Therefore, users should expect and plan for uncompressed RRC GIS export files to occupy anywhere from 1.5 to twice the disk space of the compressed files.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The Railroad Commission of Texas exports double-precision map data from ARCSDE version 10.2. Exports are to Environmental Systems Research Institute's (ESRI) shapefile (.SHP) format.

Shapefiles, developed by ESRI for use with its ArcMap software, store a feature's geographic location and attribute information. The shapefile format is a collection of different files listed under the File Naming Conventions (II.3).

COORDINATE SYSTEM

The Railroad Commission exports all map data to the Geographic projection (Latitude/Longitude). The following parameters define the Geographic projection:

| | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Projection: | Geographic |
| Units: | Decimal Degrees |
| Datum: | NAD27 |

DISCLAIMER

The digital mapping data described in this manual were generated by the Geographic Information System of the Railroad Commission of Texas and are provided for informational purposes only. Base map information was obtained directly from U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute quadrangle maps. Patent Survey lines from Texas General Land Office maps were interpreted as accurately as possible over the U.S. Geological Survey base. Oil and gas well data or pipeline data (if included) were obtained from public records of the Railroad Commission. The mapping system from which this data was extracted is currently under development and is continually being updated and refined. These data are intended solely for the internal use of the Railroad Commission, which makes no claim as to its accuracy or completeness. Users are responsible for checking the accuracy, completeness, currency, and/or suitability of this data.

DISCUSSION OF FILES

AVAILABLE MAP DATA

Please note that GIS feature layers may not necessarily exist in all counties. If a GIS feature layer - such as ship channels or government lands - does not exist in a particular county, you will not receive a file for that feature layer. The absence of feature layers in particular counties are already accounted for in the data pricing.

The digital data used to create the files was taken from the forms system within the RRC, from the General Land Office (GLO) county survey maps, and, United States Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangle maps.

ESRI's shapefile format is recognized and accepted industry-wide and is easily imported to and used in many GIS and CAD software packages. However, the user is responsible for confirming that their specific GIS or CAD software fully supports the importation and use of shapefiles.

Available digital map data layers include:

1. Basemap:
 - a. Airports
 - b. Cemeteries
 - c. Cities
 - d. Government Lands
 - e. Political Boundaries (Includes, where applicable, county, state, coastal and gulf area boundaries.)
 - f. Railroads
 - g. Roads
 - h. Ship Channels
 - i. Subdivisions
 - j. Water Features
 - k. Offshore Surveys (where applicable)
2. Wells:
 - a. Surface Well Locations
 - b. Bottom Well Locations
 - c. For horizontal and directional wells, arcs connecting surface and bottom locations.
3. Surveys:
 - a. lines, polygons, baytracts (where applicable)
4. Pipelines:
 - a. Pipelines - Abandoned
 - b. Pipelines - Liquid
 - c. Pipelines - Gas

FILE NAMING CONVENTIONS

The archived shapefile(s) you will receive from the Railroad Commission are named as follows:

When ordering **ALL DATA**:

1. The 1st three letters are "Shp"
2. The county FIPS code follows the "Shp"
3. All files have the suffix ".zip"

Example:

- a. County FIPS code 307 exported: Shp307.zip

When ordering **BASEMAP DATA** only:

1. The 1st seven letters are "Basemap"
2. The county FIPS code follows the "Basemap"
3. All files have the suffix ".zip"

Example:

- a. County FIPS code 307 exported: Basemap307.zip

When ordering **PIPELINE DATA** only:

1. The 1st eight letters are "pipeline"
2. The county FIPS code follows the "pipeline"
3. All files have the suffix ".zip"

Example:

- a. County FIPS code 307 exported: pipeline307.zip

When ordering **SURVEY DATA** only:

1. The 1st four letters are "surv"
2. The county FIPS code follows the "surv"
3. All files have the suffix ".zip"

Example:

- a. County FIPS code 307 exported: surv307.zip

When ordering **WELL DATA** only:

1. The 1st four letters are "well"
2. The county FIPS code follows the "well"
3. All files have the suffix ".zip"

Example:

- a. County FIPS code 307 exported: well307.zip

A. Exports by *County FIPS Code* to ArcView Shapefiles:

Each shapefiles will contain the following extensions (ext):

<shapefile>.cpg - contains the code page information for the attributes.

<shapefile>.dbf - contains a feature's dBase attribute information.

<shapefile>.prj - contains the feature's projection file.

<shapefile>.sbn - contains the feature's spatial index format

<shapefile>.sbx - contains the feature's spatial index format

<shapefile>.shp - contains a feature's geometry.

<shapefile>.shp.xml - contains a feature's metadata.

<shapefile>.shx - contains a feature's geometry index.

1. Airport lines: air<fips_number>l.<ext>
2. Cemetery lines: cem<fips_number>l.<ext>
polygons: cem<fips_number>p.<ext>
3. City polygons: cit<fips_number>p.<ext>
4. County Boundary
coastal polygons: cty<fips_number>g.<ext>
gulf areas polygons: cty<fips_number>i.<ext>
state polygons: cty<fips_number>k.<ext>
5. Government Land lines: gov<fips_number>l.<ext>
6. Railroad lines: rail<fips_number>l.<ext>
7. Road lines: road<fips_number>l.<ext>
8. Ship Channel lines: ship<fips_number>l.<ext>
9. Subdivision lines
label points: subd <fips_number>Labpt.<ext>
10. Survey lines: surv<fips_number>l.<ext>
polygons: surv<fips_number>p.<ext>
baytract polygons: surv<fips_number>b.<ext>
abstract points: surv<fips_number>Abspt.<ext>
label points: surv<fips_number>Labpt.<ext>
11. Water lines: watr<fips_number>l.<ext>
polygons: watr<fips_number>a.<ext>
12. Wells:
Surface Well points: well<fips_number>s.<ext>
Bottom Well points: well<fips_number>b.<ext>
Surface/Bottom lines: well<fips_number>l.<ext>
13. Pipelines lines: pipe<fips_number>l.<ext>
14. Offshore Survey polys: offs<fips_number>a.<ext>

RAILROAD COMMISSION MAPPING TERMS

Survey

A survey is a certified measured description of a piece of land. The term sometimes refers to the land itself. In Texas, original surveys were performed as part of the patenting process whereby land was transferred from the public domain. These "*patent surveys*," recorded at the Texas General Land Office, constitute an official land grid for the State and are the basis for subsequent land surveys.

Block

A block is a defined set of original land surveys. A block has an identifying name and/or number, and surveys within it are usually consecutively numbered, mile-square sections. Land grants from the State of Texas to railroad companies were often patented in blocks and sections. The term block is also used as a unit of a subdivision, i.e., subdivision/block/lot.

Section

A section refers to a square land survey measuring exactly one mile on each side. Some of the land transferred from the public domain by the state of Texas was surveyed and patented in units of square miles. The Texas General Land Office officially considers these units sections. Also, it was common that larger land grants, such as school lands and capitol lands, were subsequently surveyed into square mile units for the convenience of sale; these surveys are also called sections. In addition, the term "*section*" is commonly used to describe surveys in a group that have been assigned consecutive survey numbers, even though some of them do not have the proper shape or size to truly be sections.

Abstract

In Texas, the term abstract refers to an original land survey describing an area transferred from the public domain by either the Republic of Texas or the State of Texas. These surveys are recorded in the "*State Abstract of Land Titles*," which is maintained by the Texas General Land Office. Each survey so recorded is assigned an abstract number, which is unique within the county in which the survey falls. Because Texas has never performed a uniform statewide land survey, these original surveys called "*Patent Surveys*" constitute the State's Official Land Survey System.

FILE LAYOUT AND DATA DICTIONARY

FILE LAYOUT

This data dictionary defines unique RRC map attribute items and is structured as follows:

For attribute items with a DATA TYPE of text:

<ITEM NAME> <DATA TYPE> <LENGTH>

Item Name:

The name of an attribute item in a data file.

Data Type:

Type of data (Text).

Length:

Number of spaces for text data types.

For attribute items with a DATA TYPE of numeric, double, or float:

<ITEM NAME> <DATA TYPE> <PRECISION> <SCALE>

Item Name:

The name of an attribute item in a data file.

Data Type:

Type of data (Numeric, Double, Float, etc.).

Precision:

Field length - for double, float, and numeric data types.

Scale:

Decimal places - for double, float, and numeric data types.

DATA DICTIONARY

ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

DATA ITEMS IN THE CTY<FIPS>G:

FIPS: TEXT 3

Federal Information Processing Standard code (FIPS) is a three character county code. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

COUNTY_NAM: TEXT 14

The county name is in upper case letters.

DATA ITEMS IN THE CTY<FIPS>I:

FIPS: TEXT 3

Federal Information Processing Standard code (FIPS) is a three character county code. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

AREANAME: TEXT 50

County name for a gulf area. County names are listed in Appendix B.

RAILROAD ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

QUAD15M: TEXT 6

15 Minute Quadrangle number the rail line is in.

SUBDIVISION ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

DATA ITEMS IN THE SUBD<FIPS>L:

QUAD15M_N: TEXT 6

Quad number for subdivision - unused.

LTYPE_N: SMALLINT 4, 4

Line type. All line types are listed in Appendix A.

DATA ITEMS IN THE SUBD<FIPS>Labpt:(use an invisible symbol to hide the pt)

TEXTSTRING: STRING 254

Name of the subdivision.

FONTNAME: STRING 254

Font used to label.

FONTSIZE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Size of the font.

ANGLE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Angle used to label the point on.

JUST: STRING 2

Justification of the label position.

NAME: STRING 60

Subdivision name to label on.

ID: DOUBLE 10, 0

ID number of the point.

QUAD15M_N: TEXT 6

Quad number for subdivision - unused.

SYMBOL: DOUBLE 10, 0

Symbol number for the point.

SURVEY ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

DATA ITEMS IN THE SURV<FIPS>P:

ABSTRACT_N: TEXT 12

Abstract number. The Anum is comprised of the county FIPS code and the abstract number. Assigned to the surveyed parcel by the General Land Office at the time of patenting. If the abstract number field contains a "?" or is blank, then no abstract number was found.

LEVEL1_SUR: TEXT 32

Survey name. The name of the original grantee or the name of the company, individual or eleemosynary institution that is common among a formed group of surveys as shown on the General Land Office (GLO) county patent survey map or the GLO State Abstract of Land Titles.

LEVLE2_BLO: TEXT 10

Block Number. The number or letter used in description of a group of surveys identified as a Block on the GLO map. Example: 101

LEVEL3_SUR: TEXT 8

Section number. Further describes an abstracted surveyed parcel. Or, when preceded by "SUR", a surveyed parcel further divided into numbered abstracted areas. Example: SUR 101

LEVEL4_SUR: TEXT 32

Sub-Survey name of the grantee when the survey is a part of a larger refined area surveyed by a common party, and is only added if it is shown on the GLO map. A scrap file number corresponding to GLO records may also appear in the field.

ABSTRACT_L: TEXT 11

Abstract label. Label for the abstract number.

SCRAP_FILE: TEXT 9

Scrap or mineral file number from the GLO Abstract of Land Titles.

DATA ITEMS IN THE SURV<FIPS>B:

BAYNUM: TEXT 9

Bay number provided by the General Land Office.

BAYID: TEXT 3

Bay area name abbreviations.

TRACTNUM: TEXT 6

Provided by the General Land Office.

DATA ITEMS IN THE SURV<FIPS>L:

LTYPE: SHORT NUMERIC

Line type, all line types are given in Appendix A.

QUAD15M: TEXT 6

15 Minute Quadrangle number the survey is in.

DATA ITEMS IN THE SURV<FIPS>Abspt: (use an invisible symbol to hide the pt)

SYMBOLID: DOUBLE 10, 0

Symbol ID of the symbol.

TEXTSTRING: STRING 254

Survey abstract number.

FONTNAME: STRING 254

Font used to label.

FONTSIZE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Size of the font.

ANGLE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Angle used to label the point on.

JUST: STRING 2

Justification of the label position.

NAME: STRING 10

Survey abstract number to label on.

ID: DOUBLE 10, 0

ID number of the point.

SYMBOL: DOUBLE 10, 0

Symbol number for the point.

DATA ITEMS IN THE SURV<FIPS>Labpt: (use an invisible symbol to hide the pt)

TEXTSTRING: STRING 254

Survey abstract name.

FONTNAME: STRING 254

Font used to label.

FONTSIZE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Size of the font.

ANGLE: DOUBLE 19, 8

Angle used to label the point on.

JUST: STRING 2

Justification of the label position.

NAME: STRING 10

Survey abstract name to label on.

ID: DOUBLE 10, 0

ID number of the point.

SYMBOL: DOUBLE 10, 0

Symbol number for the point.

WATER ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

DATA ITEMS IN THE WATR<FIPS>L:

QUAD15M: TEXT 6

15 Minute Quadrangle number the water is in.

DATA ITEMS IN THE WATR<FIPS>A:

LW_CODE: TEXT 1

Identifies a polygon water (W).

WELL ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

For some historical wells, APINUM field may be blank due to the limited amount of research time to capture this information.

BOTTOM WELLS - DATA ITEMS IN THE WELL<FIPS>B:

API: TEXT 8

Three character county code with 5 character American Petroleum Institute (API) number. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

API10: TEXT 10

Ten character field equivalent to APINUM minus the 2 digit STATE Code.

APINUM: TEXT 12

The American Petroleum Institute (API) number of the wellbore in which the well is located. This 12-digit number includes a two-digit state code (Texas=42), an eight-digit API code, and a two-digit sidetrack code. (A sidetrack code identifies wells drilled from within a wellbore.)

BOTTOM-ID: DOUBLE 10 0

Bottom well identification number.

CWELLNUM: TEXT 6

Current well number as assigned by the operator.

OUT_FIPS: TEXT 1

If given the value "Y", indicates a bottom well location in a county other than that indicated by the FIPS code portion of the API number.

LAT27: DOUBLE 18 8

Latitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1927.

LONG27: DOUBLE 18 8

Longitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1927.

LAT83: DOUBLE 18 8

Latitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1983.

LONG83: DOUBLE 18 8

Longitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1983+.

RADIOACT: TEXT 1

Whether the well is radioactive (if the bore contains any known radioactive material).

- Y - well is radioactive.
- N - well is not radioactive.

RELIAB: TEXT 2

Indicates the reliability of the well spot (the accuracy of the location of the well). Valid reliability codes are listed in Appendix C.

STCODE: TEXT 2

Side Track Code. Side tracks are numbered incrementally from 1 to 9, then from A through Z.

| <u>POSITION 1:1</u> | <u>POSITION 2:2</u> |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| D = Directional | 1 to 9 or, |
| H = Horizontal | A to Z |
| W = Well | |

SURFACE-ID: DOUBLE 10 0

Surface well identification number.

SYMMUM: LONG NUMERIC

Indicates the type of well under Datatype 50 in Appendix A.

WELLID: TEXT 5

Character field equal to APINUM's last five digits.

SURFACE WELLS - DATA ITEMS IN THE WELL<FIPS>S:

API: TEXT 8

Three character county code with 5 character American Petroleum Institute (API) number. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

LAT27: DOUBLE 18 8

Latitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1927.

LONG27: DOUBLE 18 8

Longitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1927.

LAT83: DOUBLE 18 8

Latitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1983.

LONG83: DOUBLE 18 8

Longitudinal position of the well. Datum is 1983.

RELIAB: TEXT 2

Indicates the reliability of the well spot (the accuracy of the location of the well). Valid reliability codes are listed in Appendix C.

SURFACE-ID: DOUBLE 10 0

Surface well identification number.

SYMNUM: LONG NUMERIC

Indicates the type of well under Data type 50 in Appendix A.

WELLID: TEXT 5

Character field equal to APINUM's last five digits.

WELL SURFACE/BOTTOM LINES - DATA ITEMS IN THE WELL<FIPS>L:

API: TEXT 8

Three character county code with 5 character American Petroleum Institute (API) number. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

API10: TEXT 10

The American Petroleum Institute (API) number of the wellbore in which the well is located. This 10-digit number is an eight-digit API code and a two-digit sidetrack code. (A sidetrack code identifies wells drilled from within a wellbore.)

BOTTOM-ID: DOUBLE 10 0

Bottom well identification number.

SURFACE-ID: DOUBLE 10 0

Surface well identification number.

STCODE: TEXT 2

Side Track Code. Side tracks are numbered incrementally from 1 to 9, then from A through Z.

POSITION 1:1

D = Directional
H = Horizontal
W = Well

POSITION 2:2

1 to 9 or,
A to Z

PIPELINE ATTRIBUTE INFORMATION

The Texas Railroad Commission is currently in the process of modifying and updating pipeline attributes to conform to the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS). Users of RRC pipeline data can expect specific items within the pipeline attribute table to be updated at any time.

TPMS_ID: DOUBLE 10 0
Texas Pipeline Mapping System id.

OPS_ID: LONG NUMERIC
Accounting number assigned by the U.S. Department of Transportation Office of Pipeline Safety to the company that physically operates the pipeline system.

P5_NUM: TEXT 6
P5 number - A six-digit number generated and used by the RRC to identify a pipeline operator.

OPER_NM: TEXT 40
Operator Name - Name of the firm that operates the facility.

SYS_NM: TEXT 40
System Name - Name of a single pipeline system.

SUBSYS_NM: TEXT 40
Subsystem Name - A unique name for a smaller sub-section of a pipeline system. A subset of SYS_NM

PLINE_ID: TEXT 20
Pipeline ID - This is an identifier for a specific section of the pipeline within a pipeline system.

DIAMETER: FLOAT 5 2
Nominal diameter of the pipeline segment, in inches.

COMMODITY1: TEXT 3
Abbreviation for the primary commodity carried by the pipeline system.
HG = Hydrogen gas
CRD = Crude Oil
LPG = Liquid Petroleum Gas
NG = Natural Gas
PRD = Product
AA = Anhydrous Ammonia
CO2 = Carbon Dioxide
NGL = Natural Gas Liquids
HVL = Highly Volatile Liquid
EMT = Empty

COMMODITY2: TEXT 3

Abbreviation for the secondary commodity carried by the pipeline system. Same as Commodity1, except EMT is not valid.

COMMODITY3: TEXT 3

Abbreviation for the tertiary commodity carried by the pipeline system. Same as Commodity1 except EMT is not valid.

CMDTY_DESC: TEXT 40

Commodity Description - Descriptive information of the commodities carried by the pipeline system. Appendix D has a complete listing of specific products within the commodity categories.

INTERSTATE: TEXT 1

Designates a pipeline as either inter or intrastate. "Y" indicates an interstate pipeline, "N" indicates an intrastate pipeline.

STATUS_CD: TEXT 1

Status Code - Identifies the current status of the pipeline segment. "I" = in service, "B" = abandoned, "R" = retired.

QUALITY_CD: TEXT 1

Quality Code - Operator's estimate of the positional accuracy of the submitted pipeline segment. "E"=excellent: within 50 feet, "V"=very good: 50-300 feet, "G"=good: 301-500 feet, "P"=poor: 501-1000 feet, "U"=unknown.

T4PERMIT: TEXT 5

RRC assigned five-digit pipeline permit number.

SYSTYPE: TEXT 1

Abbreviation for the system type description.

- G = Gas Gathering
- K = Carbon Dioxide
- L = Crude Gathering
- O = Crude Transmission
- P = Non_HVL Liquid Products
- Q = HVL Products
- T = Gas Transmission

See Appendix D for full listing of systypes.

COUNTY: TEXT 3

The County FIPS code. FIPS codes are listed in Appendix B.

COM_CARRIER: TEXT 1

Common Carrier - Declaration of common carrier or gas utility status.

Y = it is a common carrier OR gas utility

N = it is neither

SYS_ID: TEXT 6

System ID - A six-digit RRC-generated system identifier. This item may not be present in all pipeline attribute files. The first number is the region number. Second is the system-type number. A four digit RRC assigned sequence number completes the item.

| <u>Region Numbers</u> | <u>Region Name</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Amarillo |
| 2 | Midland |
| 3 | Kilgore |
| 4 | Austin |
| 5 | Houston |
| 6 | Dallas |
| 7 | Corpus Christi |
| 8&9 | Multi-Regional |

| <u>System Type Number</u> | <u>System Type Name</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3 | Gas |
| 4 | Liquid |
| 5 | |

NPMS_SYS_I: LONG NUMERIC

National Pipeline Mapping System (System ID) - Unique ID for the pipeline system to which the segment belongs, assigned by the National Repository.

ALBERS_MILES: DOUBLE 18 10

Mileage of the pipeline segment calculated using the Albers projection.

APPENDIX A: LINE TYPES AND WELL SYMBOLOGY

LINE TYPE ASSIGNMENTS

This appendix lists the line types. Line types are RRC defined data categories relevant to RRC mapping.

ORIGINAL LAND SURVEYS

- 3 - County Boundary
- 5 - Block Line
- 6 - Overlap Block Lines
- 7 - Survey, Section Lines
- 8 - Abstract Division Lines
- 10 - Creek
- 11 - Coastline
- 27 - River or Small Lake
- 28 - Offshore Abstract Division
- 29 - Offshore Tract, Survey Line
- 30 - Offshore Block Line
- 31 - Lake
- 32 - Offshore Overlap Tract, Survey Line
- 77 - Annotation Outline Arrow
- 113 - Overlap Survey, Section Lines
- 126 - Survey Annotation Outline

SUBDIVISION LINES

- 9 - Subdivision Lot Line
- 124 - Subdivision Outline
- 125 - Subdivision Labor Line

OIL & GAS WELLS (SYMNUM)

2 Permitted Location
3 Dry Hole
4 Oil Well
5 Gas Well
6 Oil/Gas Well
7 Plugged Oil Well
8 Plugged Gas Well
9 Canceled Location
10 Plugged Oil/Gas Well
11 Injection/Disposal Well
12 Core Test
13 Directional Surface Location
15 Radioactive Well
16 Sulfur Core Test
17 Storage from Oil
18 Storage from Gas
19 Shut-In Well (Oil)
20 Shut-In Well (Gas)
21 Injection/Disposal From Oil
22 Injection/Disposal From Gas
23 Injection/Disposal From Oil/Gas
24 Offshore Platform
36 Geothermal Well
73 Brine Mining Well
74 Water Supply Well
75 Water Supply from Oil
76 Water Supply from Gas
77 Water Supply from Oil/Gas
78 Observation Well
79 Observation from Oil
80 Observation from Gas
81 Observation from Oil/Gas
86 Horizontal Drainhole
87 Sidetrack Well Surface Location
88 Storage Well
89 Service Well
90 Service from Oil
91 Service from Gas
92 Service from Oil/Gas
103 Storage from Oil/Gas
104 Injection/Disposal from Storage
105 Injection/Disposal from Storage/Oil
106 Injection/Disposal from Storage/Gas
107 Injection/Disposal from Storage/Oil/Gas
108 Observation from Storage
109 Observation from Storage/Oil
110 Observation from Storage/Gas
111 Observation from Storage/Oil/Gas
112 Service from Storage
113 Service from Storage/Oil
114 Service from Storage/Gas
115 Service from Storage/Oil/Gas

116 Plugged Storage
117 Plugged Storage/Oil
118 Plugged Storage/Gas
119 Plugged Storage/Oil/Gas
121 Brine Mining from Oil
122 Brine Mining from Gas
123 Brine Mining from Oil/Gas
124 Injection/Disposal from Brine Mining
125 Injection/Disposal from Brine Mining/Oil
126 Injection/Disposal from Brine Mining/Gas
127 Injection/Disposal from Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
128 Observation from Brine Mining
129 Observation from Brine Mining/Oil
130 Observation from Brine Mining/Gas
131 Observation from Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
132 Service from Brine Mining
133 Service from Brine Mining/Oil
134 Service from Brine Mining/Gas
135 Service from Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
136 Plugged Brine Mining
137 Plugged Brine Mining/Oil
138 Plugged Brine Mining/Gas
139 Plugged Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
140 Storage/Brine Mining
141 Storage/Brine Mining/Oil
142 Storage/Brine Mining/Gas
143 Storage/Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
144 Inj/Disposal from Storage/Brine Mining
145 Inj/Disposal from Storage/Brine Mining/Oil
146 Inj/Disposal from Storage/Brine Mining/Gas
147 Inj/Disposal from Storage/Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
148 Observation from Storage/Brine Mining
149 Observation from Storage/Brine Mining/Oil
150 Observation from Storage/Brine Mining/Gas
151 Observation from Storage/Brine Mining/Oil/Gas
152 Plugged Storage/Brine Mining
153 Plugged Storage/Brine Mining/Oil
154 Plugged Storage/Brine Mining/Gas
155 Plugged Storage/Brine Mining/Oil/Gas

DIRECTIONAL DRILL LINES

25 - Horizontal Drainhole Line
42 - Directional Well Line

OIL & GAS WELLS SYMBOLOGY
GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF SYMNUM

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|--|
| 1 | | 20 | | 39 | + | 58 | + | 77 | WS | |
| 2 | | 21 | | 40 | + | 59 | + | 78 | OB | |
| 3 | | 22 | | 41 | + | 60 | + | 79 | OB | |
| 4 | | 23 | | 42 | + | 61 | + | 80 | CB | |
| 5 | | 24 | | 43 | + | 62 | + | 81 | LB | |
| 6 | | 25 | + | 44 | + | 63 | + | 82 | + | |
| 7 | | 26 | + | 45 | + | 64 | + | 83 | + | |
| 8 | | 27 | + | 46 | + | 65 | + | 84 | + | |
| 9 | | 28 | + | 47 | + | 66 | + | 85 | + | |
| 10 | | 29 | LM | 48 | | 67 | + | 86 | | |
| 11 | | 30 | + | 49 | + | 68 | + | 87 | | |
| 12 | | 31 | + | 50 | + | 69 | | 88 | | |
| 13 | | 32 | + | 51 | + | 70 | | 89 | SV | |
| 14 | + | 33 | | 52 | + | 71 | | 90 | SV | |
| 15 | | 34 | + | 53 | + | 72 | + | 91 | SV | |
| 16 | | 35 | + | 54 | + | 73 | BR | 92 | SV | |
| 17 | | 36 | | 55 | + | 74 | WS | 93 | + | |
| 18 | | 37 | + | 56 | + | 75 | WS | 94 | + | |
| 19 | | 38 | + | 57 | + | 76 | WS | 95 | + | |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 96 | + | 111 ^{CB} | 124 ^{BR} | 136 ^{BR} | 148 ^{CB} |
| 97 | + | 112 ^{SV} | 125 ^{BR} | 137 ^{BR} | 149 ^{CB} |
| 98 | + | 113 ^{SV} | 126 ^{BR} | 138 ^{BR} | 150 ^{CB} |
| 99 | + | 114 ^{SV} | 127 ^{BR} | 139 ^{BR} | 151 ^{CB} |
| 103 | | 115 ^{SV} | 128 ^{CB} | 140 ^{BR} | 152 ^{BR} |
| 104 | | 116 | 129 ^{CB} | 141 ^{BR} | 153 ^{BR} |
| 105 | | 117 | 130 ^{CB} | 142 ^{BR} | 154 ^{BR} |
| 106 | | 118 | 131 ^{CB} | 143 ^{BR} | 155 ^{BR} |
| 107 | | 119 | 132 ^{SV} | 144 ^{BR} | |
| 108 ^{CB} | | 121 ^{BR} | 133 ^{SV} | 145 ^{BR} | |
| 109 ^{CB} | | 122 ^{BR} | 134 ^{SV} | 146 ^{BR} | |
| 110 ^{CB} | | 123 ^{BR} | 135 ^{SV} | 147 ^{BR} | |

APPENDIX B: FIPS CODES

COUNTY FIPS CODES

| COUNTY | FIPS Code |
|---------------|-----------|
| Anderson | 001 |
| Andrews | 003 |
| Angelina | 005 |
| Aransas | 007 |
| Archer | 009 |
| Armstrong | 011 |
| Atascosa | 013 |
| Austin | 015 |
| Bailey | 017 |
| Bandera | 019 |
| Bastrop | 021 |
| Baylor | 023 |
| Bee | 025 |
| Bell | 027 |
| Bexar | 029 |
| Blanco | 031 |
| Borden | 033 |
| Bosque | 035 |
| Bowie | 037 |
| Brazoria | 039 |
| Brazos | 041 |
| Brewster | 043 |
| Briscoe | 045 |
| Brooks | 047 |
| Brown | 049 |
| Burleson | 051 |
| Burnet | 053 |
| Caldwell | 055 |
| Calhoun | 057 |
| Callahan | 059 |
| Cameron | 061 |
| Camp | 063 |
| Carson | 065 |
| Cass | 067 |
| Castro | 069 |
| Chambers | 071 |
| Cherokee | 073 |
| Childress | 075 |
| Clay | 077 |
| Cochran | 079 |
| Coke | 081 |
| Coleman | 083 |
| Collin | 085 |
| Collingsworth | 087 |
| Colorado | 089 |
| Comal | 091 |
| Comanche | 093 |

| | |
|------------|-----|
| Concho | 095 |
| Cooke | 097 |
| Coryell | 099 |
| Cottle | 101 |
| Crane | 103 |
| Crockett | 105 |
| Crosby | 107 |
| Culberson | 109 |
| Dallam | 111 |
| Dallas | 113 |
| Dawson | 115 |
| Deaf Smith | 117 |
| Delta | 119 |
| Denton | 121 |
| Dewitt | 123 |
| Dickens | 125 |
| Dimmitt | 127 |
| Donley | 129 |
| Duval | 131 |
| Eastland | 133 |
| Ector | 135 |
| Edwards | 137 |
| Ellis | 139 |
| El Paso | 141 |
| Erath | 143 |
| Falls | 145 |
| Fannin | 147 |
| Fayette | 149 |
| Fisher | 151 |
| Floyd | 153 |
| Foard | 155 |
| Fort Bend | 157 |
| Franklin | 159 |
| Freestone | 161 |
| Frio | 163 |
| Gaines | 165 |
| Galveston | 167 |
| Garza | 169 |
| Gillespie | 171 |
| Glasscock | 173 |
| Goliad | 175 |
| Gonzales | 177 |
| Gray | 179 |
| Grayson | 181 |
| Gregg | 183 |
| Grimes | 185 |
| Guadalupe | 187 |
| Hale | 189 |
| Hall | 191 |
| Hamilton | 193 |
| Hansford | 195 |
| Hardeman | 197 |
| Hardin | 199 |

| | |
|------------|-----|
| Harris | 201 |
| Harrison | 203 |
| Hartley | 205 |
| Haskell | 207 |
| Hays | 209 |
| Hemphill | 211 |
| Henderson | 213 |
| Hidalgo | 215 |
| Hill | 217 |
| Hockley | 219 |
| Hood | 221 |
| Hopkins | 223 |
| Houston | 225 |
| Howard | 227 |
| Hudspeth | 229 |
| Hunt | 231 |
| Hutchinson | 233 |
| Irion | 235 |
| Jack | 237 |
| Jackson | 239 |
| Jasper | 241 |
| Jeff Davis | 243 |
| Jefferson | 245 |
| Jim Hogg | 247 |
| Jim Wells | 249 |
| Johnson | 251 |
| Jones | 253 |
| Karnes | 255 |
| Kaufman | 257 |
| Kendall | 259 |
| Kenedy | 261 |
| Kent | 263 |
| Kerr | 265 |
| Kimble | 267 |
| King | 269 |
| Kinney | 271 |
| Kleberg | 273 |
| Knox | 275 |
| Lamar | 277 |
| Lamb | 279 |
| Lampasas | 281 |
| La Salle | 283 |
| Lavaca | 285 |
| Lee | 287 |
| Leon | 289 |
| Liberty | 291 |
| Limestone | 293 |
| Lipscomb | 295 |
| Live Oak | 297 |
| Llano | 299 |
| Loving | 301 |
| Lubbock | 303 |
| Lynn | 305 |

| | |
|----------------|-----|
| McCulloch | 307 |
| McLennan | 309 |
| McMullen | 311 |
| Madison | 313 |
| Marion | 315 |
| Martin | 317 |
| Mason | 319 |
| Matagorda | 321 |
| Maverick | 323 |
| Medina | 325 |
| Menard | 327 |
| Midland | 329 |
| Milam | 331 |
| Mills | 333 |
| Mitchell | 335 |
| Montague | 337 |
| Montgomery | 339 |
| Moore | 341 |
| Morris | 343 |
| Motley | 345 |
| Nacogdoches | 347 |
| Navarro | 349 |
| Newton | 351 |
| Nolan | 353 |
| Nueces | 355 |
| Ochiltree | 357 |
| Oldham | 359 |
| Orange | 361 |
| Palo Pinto | 363 |
| Panola | 365 |
| Parker | 367 |
| Parmer | 369 |
| Pecos | 371 |
| Polk | 373 |
| Potter | 375 |
| Presidio | 377 |
| Rains | 379 |
| Randall | 381 |
| Reagan | 383 |
| Real | 385 |
| Red River | 387 |
| Reeves | 389 |
| Refugio | 391 |
| Roberts | 393 |
| Robertson | 395 |
| Rockwall | 397 |
| Runnels | 399 |
| Rusk | 401 |
| Sabine | 403 |
| San Augustine | 405 |
| San Jacinto | 407 |
| San Pactoricio | 409 |
| San Saba | 411 |

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|--------------|-----|
| Schleicher | 413 |
| Scurry | 415 |
| Shakelford | 417 |
| Shelby | 419 |
| Sherman | 421 |
| Smith | 423 |
| Somervell | 425 |
| Starr | 427 |
| Stephens | 429 |
| Sterling | 431 |
| Stonewall | 433 |
| Sutton | 435 |
| Swisher | 437 |
| Tarrant | 439 |
| Taylor | 441 |
| Terrell | 443 |
| Terry | 445 |
| Throckmorton | 447 |
| Titus | 449 |
| Tom Green | 451 |
| Travis | 453 |
| Trinity | 455 |
| Tyler | 457 |
| Upshur | 459 |
| Upton | 461 |
| Uvalde | 463 |
| Val Verde | 465 |
| Van Zandt | 467 |
| Victoria | 469 |
| Walker | 471 |
| Waller | 473 |
| Ward | 475 |
| Washington | 477 |
| Webb | 479 |
| Wharton | 481 |
| Wheeler | 483 |
| Wichita | 485 |
| Wilbarger | 487 |
| Willacy | 489 |
| Williamson | 491 |
| Wilson | 493 |
| Winkler | 495 |
| Wise | 497 |
| Wood | 499 |
| Yoakum | 501 |
| Young | 503 |
| Zapata | 505 |
| Zavala | 507 |

GULF COUNTY AREAS FIPS CODES

| GULF COUNTY AREAS | FIPS CODE |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| South Padre Island-SB | 600 |
| North Padre Island-SB | 601 |
| Mustang Island-SB | 602 |
| Matagorda Island-SB | 603 |
| Brazos-SB | 604 |
| Galveston-SB | 605 |
| High Island-SB | 606 |
| South Padre Island-LB | 700 |
| North Padre Island-LB | 701 |
| Mustang Island-LB | 702 |
| Matagorda Island-LB | 703 |
| Brazos-LB | 704 |
| Brazos-S | 705 |
| Galveston-LB | 706 |
| Galveston-S | 707 |
| High Island-LB | 708 |
| High Island-S | 709 |
| High Island-E | 710 |
| High Island-E-S | 711 |
| Mustang Island-E | 712 |
| North Padre Island-E | 713 |
| South Padre Island-E | 714 |
| Sabine Pass | 715 |

APPENDIX C: WELL RELIABILITY CODES

The reliability of a well's location is determined by the source used to spot the well into the Well Location Database. Valid codes are:

RELIAB CODES

- 10 Historic Map (non-RRC)
- 15 RRC Hardcopy Map
- 16 Spotted from Reliability Code 15 wells
- 17 Location adjusted during survey maintenance
- 20 WELLBORE Distances
- 25 Unit or hearing plat, plat with form for another well, or form for this well without a plat.
- 30 Operator reported location (distances without plat or plat without distances).
- 40 Operator reported location (distances and plat).
- 45 Field Inspection by RRC personnel.
- 48 Spotted from Reliability Code 50 wells
- 50 U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute quad or aerial photograph.
- 55 Coordinates from operator.
- 59 Coordinates - RRC personnel reported 2D GPS (Accuracy of 200 - 300 feet.)
- 60 Coordinates - RRC personnel reported 3D GPS (Accuracy of about 15 feet.)

Appendix D: COMMODITY DESCRIPTIONS and Systypes

| <u>COMMODITY DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>COMMODITY</u> | <u>SYSTYPE</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Acetylene | PRD | Q |
| Acetylene Off Gas | PRD | T |
| Alcohols | PRD | P |
| Ammonia | AA | P |
| Anhydrous Ammonia | AA | P |
| Anhydrous HCL | PRD | P |
| Benzenes | PRD | P |
| Brine | PRD | Y |
| Butanes | HVL | Q |
| Butadiene | | |
| Butane/Butylene | | |
| Butane/Distillates | | |
| Butane/Pentane | | |
| Butylene | | |
| Iso-Butane | | |
| Isobutane | | |
| Carbon Dioxide | CO2 | K |
| Chemical Grade Propylene | HVL | Q |
| Chlorine Gas | PRD | Q |
| Condensate | NGL | Q |
| Slop Oil Water | | |
| Crude | CRD | L (Gathering) |
| Crude | CRD | O (Transmission) |
| O/G | | |
| Oil | | |
| Petroleum | | |
| Cyclohexane | PRD | P |
| Diesels | PRD | P |
| Dripolene | HVL | Q |
| Ethanes | HVL | Q |
| Ethylene | HVL | Q |
| Ethylene (Gas) | PRD | T |
| E/P Mix | LPG | Q |
| E/P Propane | | |
| Ethane/Propane | | |
| Ethane/Propane Mix | | |
| P/P Mix | | |
| EPBC | | |
| Feedstock | HVL | P |

| | | |
|----------------------------|-----|------------------|
| Fuel Oil | PRD | P |
| Bistone | | |
| Fuel Gas | | |
| Fuel Oil/Natural Gas | | |
| Fuel Oils/Gas | | |
| Fuel Residum | | |
| Gasoline | PRD | P |
| Gasoline/Diesel/Jet | | |
| Gasoline/Fuel Oils | | |
| High Purity Ethane | HVL | Q |
| Hydrogen Chloride | PRD | T |
| Hydrogen Gas | HG | T |
| Liquid Hydrogen | | |
| Pure H2 | | |
| Raw H2 | | |
| Isobutane | HVL | Q |
| Jet Fuel | PRD | P |
| Kerosene | PRD | P |
| LPG | LPG | Q |
| Raw LPG | | |
| Methanol/MTBE | PRD | P |
| MTBE | PRD | P |
| Natural Gas | NG | T (Transmission) |
| Natural Gas | NG | G (Gathering) |
| Dry Gas | | |
| Natural | | |
| Natural Gas/Cond | | |
| Sweet Gas | | |
| Synthesis | | |
| Natural Gas Liquids | NGL | Q |
| Refinery Off Gas | | |
| Nitrogen | PRD | P |
| Oxygen | PRD | T |
| Oxygen/Nit. | | |
| Pentanes | HVL | Q |
| Propane | HVL | Q |
| Methyl Propane | | |
| Propadiene | | |
| Propane/Butane | | |
| Propane/LPG | | |
| Propane/Propylene | | |
| Propyne | | |
| Propylene | HVL | Q |

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----|---|
| Propylene Oxide | PRD | P |
| Refined Products | PRD | P |
| Acrylonitrile | | |
| Cutter Stock | | |
| Cyclohexane | | |
| Deisohex Stock | | |
| Distillates | | |
| Dripline | | |
| Feed Gas | | |
| HCL Acid Anhydrous | | |
| Hexene | | |
| HPG | | |
| Isoprene | | |
| Methanol | | |
| MTBE | | |
| Naptha | | |
| Products | | |
| Raffinate | | |
| RPG | | |
| Tertiary Butyl Alcohol | | |
| Toluene | | |

| | | |
|------------|-----|---|
| TBA | PRD | P |
|------------|-----|---|

SYSTYPES

- A = Offshore (Liquids)
- B = Apartment Complexes
- C = Compressor Station
- D = Distribution
- E = Interstate Transmission Gas
- F = Non-Jurisdictional Gathering
- G = Gas Gathering
- H = Government (Housing Authority)
- I = LP Gas Distribution
- J = Direct Sales Customer
- K = Carbon Dioxide Pipelines
- O = Crude Transmission
- M = Municipal Distribution
- N = City Not Served
- L = Crude Gathering
- P = Product Lines (NOT Highly Volatile)
- Q = Other Liquid Lines (Highly Volatile)
- S = Municipal Supply Line
- T = Transmission
- U = Underground Liquid Storage
- V = Underground Gas Storage
- W = Mobile Home Parks
- X = Liquefied Natural Gas
- Y = Brine
- Z = Offshore (Gas) Gathering

APPENDIX E: 8.3 NAMING CONVENTIONS

The 8.3 naming convention stipulates that, exclusive of the filename suffix, a digital filename cannot be more than 8 characters long.

Although some computer operating systems and software programs accept file names longer than 8 characters, the Railroad Commission adheres to the 8.3 naming convention for a number of reasons.

1. ESRI, the manufacturer of ArcMap, suggests that their users adhere to the 8.3 naming convention for shapefiles. ESRI, in various ways and to various extents, codes its software to enforce compliance with the 8.3 naming convention.
2. All RRC GIS data are compressed. Unfortunately, some decompression software packages truncate long filenames such as, "county2031.shp" to meaningless names like, "county2~1.shp"
3. The Railroad Commission is committed to making its digital data accessible and usable to as wide an audience as possible. Adherence to the 8.3 naming convention ensures that at least one major hurdle of data portability is cleared.