





3.70 Rule Changes & Pipeline Mapping Updates

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Chapter 3.70 rule changes

What needs a permit (1 of 2)



- Natural Gas pipeline systems
 - All onshore pipeline, gathering and production facilities, beginning after the first point of measurement.
 - All pipelines facilities originating in Texas waters.
 - All pipelines in a Class 2, 3, or 4 location.

What needs a permit (2 of 2)



- Liquid Pipeline systems
 - All liquid pipelines are required to be permitted, except for those lines defined as production by CFR 195.2

Mileage Fees (1 of 2)



- Mileage fees are calculated by the mileage of each permit on December 31st of the prior year.
- The permit operator is responsible to pay the fees by April 1^{st.}
- Mileage fees are paid at the P-5 operator level with one payment
- Permit miles are added together and rounded up to nearest whole number to calculate mileage fee

Mileage Fees (2 of 2)



- Fees are broken into two groups
 - Group A
 - Includes federally regulated and inspected pipelines
 - \$20 per mile
 - Group B
 - Includes pipelines that are not federally regulated but require a permit
 - \$10 per mile



Mileage Late Fees for 50 Miles or Less								
1-30 Days Late	31-60 Days Late	Greater than 60 Days Late						
\$125	\$250	\$350						
Mileage Late Fees for More Than 50 Miles								
1-30 Days Late	31-60 Days Late	Greater than 60 Days Late						
\$250	\$500	\$700						

Renewals (3.70 Rule Change) (1 of 4)

- Effective September 1, 2020
- All permits under one operator name will have the same expiration date for future renewals
- All renewals will fall into the same Calendar and Fiscal Year

Renewals (3.70 Rule Change) (2 of 4)

Annual Renewals for Pipeline Operators

Are due for companies beginning with

Beginning

September 1, 2020

A-C must file in February

Are due for companies beginning with

M-P must file in May Are due for companies beginning with

D-E must file in March

Are due for companies beginning with

Q-T must file in June Are due for companies beginning with



Are due for companies beginning with

U-Z & 0-9 must file in

July

Renewals (3.70 Rule Change) (3 of 4)

 Any permits that are due for renewal between September 1st and December 31st of 2020 will automatically have the renewal date moved to the new assigned month in 2021.



RULE §3.70 (j)

- "...each pipeline operator shall pay a \$500 permit processing fee for each new permit application and permit renewal"
- In the case of a full transfer, the renewal fee is due by the acquiring operator at the time of transfer.

Renewals (Facts and Tips)



- Amendments DO NOT renew a permit. Renewals are a separate action in POPS.
- There are no RRC renewal fees for interstate permits.
- If a permit is due in less than a month, it is important to prioritize renewing your permit before making an amendment.

Transfer Merge (1 of 2)



- New action added to POPS
 - For full transfers only
 - Action submitted on acquiring operator's side

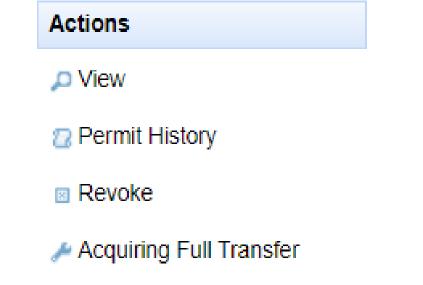
Transfer Merge (2 of 2)



- When a full permit transfer is submitted
 - The divesting operator submits the Divesting Transfer action, which is approved or rejected by the RRC
- The acquiring operator has two options
 - File an Acquiring Full Transfer on the acquired permit and keep the permit number
 - File a Transfer Merge and merge the transfer permit into an existing permit of the same type.

Keeping the permit number

- If the acquiring operator keeps the transferred permit, the expiration date will be moved to the acquiring operator's designated month
- The renewal for the permit will be paid by the acquiring operator upon transfer of the permit.





Merging the transferred permit (1 of 3)



- The acquiring operator merges the transferred permit into one of their existing permits.
- The acquiring operator will submit the acquiring Transfer Merge on an existing permit.

Actions

🔑 Amend

- Inactivate
- 🔎 View
- Divesting Transfer
- Update Contacts
- Permit History
- Revoke
- Acquire Transfer Merge

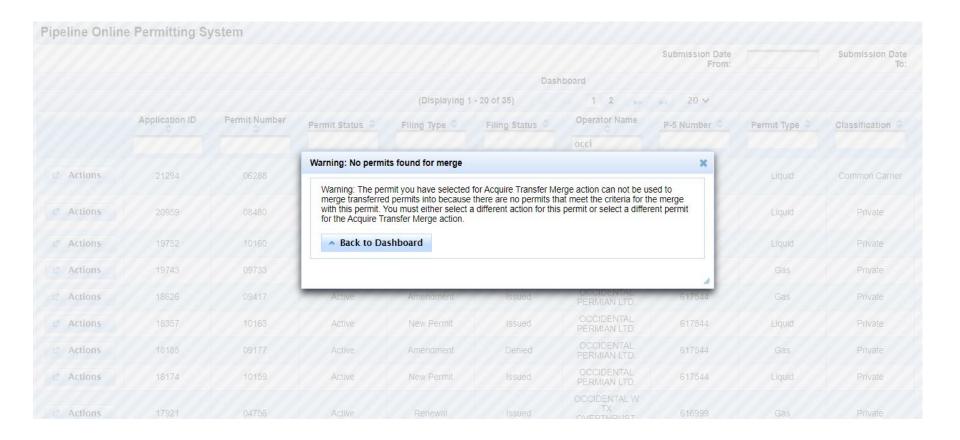
Merging the transferred permit (2 of 3)



- Acquired Pipeline Transfer - Full Transfer Only

To select divesting permit numbers (from Form T-4B) to be merged with your existing permit, select the Effective Date of Transfer by Purchase Party, and then click on the permit.										
Divesting Permit Nbr	Divesting Operator F	25 Divesting Permit C	Divesting Permit OperatorName		Divesting Operator Effective Date of Transfer		Effective Date of Transfer by Purchase Party		Pipeline Classification	
9945	463316	KINDER MORGAN PF	ODUCTION CO 07/20/2020		07/20/2020			Private		
These permits will be merged with y	ese permits will be merged with your existing permit.									
Divesting Permit Nbr	Divesting Operator P5	Divesting Permit OperatorName	Divesting Ope Date of	rator Effective Transfer	Effective Date of Tran Purchase Part		Pipeline Classification			
9945	463316	KINDER MORGAN PRODUCTION CO LLC	07/20	/2020	07/20/2020		Private		🗊 Delete	

Merging the transferred permit (3 of 3)





Questions so far?



Pipeline Mapping Updates

Mapping Presentation Overview



- New Transfer Merge function in POPS
- New document: A Guide to Shapefile Submissions
- Most common shapefile submission errors
- A quick mapping demo
- Wrap-up

Transfer Merge Mapping (1 of 3) 🚱

- What is a Transfer Merge (TM)?
 - A new way to do a full transfer for the acquiring operator
 - Full Transfer vs. Transfer Merge

Transfer Merge Mapping (2 of 3)



Code	Code Meaning	Code Description
NC	No Change	Existing segments that are not being modified
NP	New Permit	Only for new permits; do not use if a T-4 Permit Number has already been
		assigned
PA	Pipeline	New pipeline added to an existing permit
	Addition	
BP	Abandon in	Pipeline abandoned in place, according to our rules
	Place	
MP	Merge Permit	Merge entire permit into an existing permit, same operator
PM	Partial Merge	Merge a portion of a permit into an existing permit, same operator
PT	Partial	Transfer part of a permit into an existing permit, different operator
	Transfer	
TM <u>*</u>	Transfer	Full permit transfer + merge permit. Acquire full permit(s) from different
	Merge	operator, then merge that permit(s) into an existing permit, same operator
FC	Fluid Change	Product change (i.e. crude oil to carbon dioxide)
DP	Delete Pipeline	Pipeline removed from permit for one of the following reasons: removed
		from ground, never built, exempted from 49 CFR Part 191 – 195 and
		therefore should not be permitted with the RRC (e.g. in-plant piping, Coast
		Guard jurisdiction). If deleting pipeline, provide the reasoning in the cover
		letter.
OM	Other	Use if none of the above codes are suitable (i.e. change to diameter, system
	1	

*Due to rule change, new code will go into effect on September 1, 2020.

Transfer Merge Mapping (3 of 3)

Full Transfer

- Divesting side files first
- Pay renewal fee upon acquisition
- Can only acquire one permit at a time
- No mapping required for either side
- Divesting permit number transferred to acquiring operator

Transfer-Merge

- Divesting side files first
- No renewal fee upon acquisition
- Can acquire multiple
 permits at once
- Mapping required for acquiring side
- Divesting permit number becomes inactive and acquiring operator chooses keeper permit







Eagle Operators

Acquiring permit: 01111



Rattlesnake Operators

Transfer Merge: An example



Rattlesnake Operators



Acquiring permit: Any Rattlesnake permit

Divesting permit: 01111



Eagle Operators

Divesting permit: 02222



Javelina Operators

Divesting permit: 03333



Gator Operators

Why use Transfer Merge?

- Why use TM?
 - Turn a two-step POPS process into a onestep process
 - Avoid paying renewal fee upon acquisition

New Guide to Shapefile Submissions







- Main differences
 - New code (TM)
 - More pertinent information at front
 - Reformatting tables and rewording field descriptions to be more easily understandable

POPS Submissions: Common Mistakes



- 1. Shapefile doesn't contain all required fields
- 2. Invalid entries in attribute table
 - Data type
 - Character limit
 - Capitalization
 - Accuracy
- 3. Wrong projection
- 4. Incomplete cover letter and overview map
- 5. Shapefile must include all the lines in permit, new and existing
 - Always include abandoned lines on every shapefile submission
- Not preparing shapefiles after receiving them from the RRC



A quick mapping demo

- How to prepare a shapefile after receiving it from the RRC
 - Re-projecting
 - Adding / deleting fields
 - LOC_DES and T4_AMD
 - Two additional fields required (SMYS and USA) if gathering lines meet additional criteria:

 – COMMODITY1 = CRL or CFL

- DIAMETER between 6.63-8.83"

 Assigning the T4_AMD field and going over TM

Resources (1 of 2)



• RRC Homepage

- https://rrc.texas.gov/

Public GIS Viewer

– <u>https://gis.rrc.texas.gov/GISViewer/</u>

- The new "A Guide to Shapefile Submissions"
 - <u>https://rrc.texas.gov/media/40880/tpmsattri</u>
 <u>butedefinitionsandvalidcodes.pdf</u>

Resources (2 of 2)

- Sample cover letters overview maps – https://rrc.texas.gov/pipeline-safety/forms/
- Sample shapefile
 - <u>https://rrc.texas.gov/pipeline-</u>
 <u>safety/mapping/digital-submissions/</u>
- TAC Rule §3.70
 - <u>https://texreg.sos.state.tx.us/public/readtac\$ext</u> .TacPage?sl=R&app=9&p_dir=&p_rloc=&p_tlo c=&p_ploc=&pg=1&p_tac=&ti=16&pt=1&ch=3& rl=70

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